

EADŠ - cvičenie 1 - zložitosti

21. septembra 2023

Opakovanie - zložitosti

Definition

Function $f(n)$ is in $O(g(n))$ iff there exist $c > 0$ and $n_0 > 0$ such that: $(\forall n > n_0)(0 \leq f(n) \leq cg(n))$

Trieda	Intuitívne	Limita
$f(n) \in O(g(n))$	$f(n) \leq g(n)$	$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{f(n)}{g(n)} \neq \infty$
$f(n) \in \Omega(g(n))$	$f(n) \geq g(n)$	$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{f(n)}{g(n)} \neq 0$
$f(n) \in \Theta(g(n))$	$f(n) \approx g(n)$	$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{f(n)}{g(n)} \neq 0, \infty$

Opakovanie - určovanie zložitosti

- ▶ zanedbávame konštanty:

$$O(c \cdot f(n)) = O(f(n))$$

$$\text{(napr. } O(3n) = O(n)\text{)}$$

- ▶ berieme najväčšiu funkciu

$$O(f(n) + g(n)) = O(\max(f(n), g(n)))$$

$$\text{(napr. } O(n^5 + n^2 + n) = O(n^5)\text{)}$$

- ▶ poradie zložitostí:

$$\forall a > 1 : O(1) \in O(\log^a n) \in O(n^a) \in O(a^n) \in O(n!) \in O(n^n)$$

Intuitívne:

$$\forall a > 1 : 1 \leq \log^a n \leq n^a \leq a^n \leq n! \leq n^n$$

Opakovanie - čo je treba vedieť

- ▶ určovanie zložitosti z kódu
- ▶ asymptotické porovnávanie dvoch funkcií (O , Ω , Θ)

Príklad

```
x = 0
for i in range(2*n+15):
    x = x + i
```

Príklad

```
x = 0
for i in range(2*n+15):
    x = x + i
```

$f(n) \approx$

Tvrdenie	platí?
$f(n) = 2n \in O(n^2)$	
$f(n) = 2n \in \Omega(\log n)$	
$f(n) = 2n \in \Theta(\log n)$	

Príklad

```
x = 0
for i in range(2*n+15):
    x = x + i
```

$$f(n) \approx 2n$$

Tvrdenie	platí?
$f(n) = 2n \in O(n^2)$	
$f(n) = 2n \in \Omega(\log n)$	
$f(n) = 2n \in \Theta(\log n)$	

Príklad

```
x = 0
for i in range(2*n+15):
    x = x + i
```

$$f(n) \approx 2n$$

Tvrdenie	platí?
$f(n) = 2n \in O(n^2)$	✓
$f(n) = 2n \in \Omega(\log n)$	✓
$f(n) = 2n \in \Theta(\log n)$	✗

A

```
x = 0
for i in range(4 * n, 0, -1):
    x = x + 2 * i
```

$f(n) \approx$

Tvrdenie	platí?
$f(n) \in O(\sqrt{n})$	
$f(n) \in \Omega(\sqrt{n})$	
$f(n) \in \Theta(\sqrt{n})$	

A

```
x = 0
for i in range(4 * n, 0, -1):
    x = x + 2 * i
```

$$f(n) \approx 4n$$

Tvrdenie	platí?
$f(n) \in O(\sqrt{n})$	
$f(n) \in \Omega(\sqrt{n})$	
$f(n) \in \Theta(\sqrt{n})$	

A

```
x = 0
for i in range(4 * n, 0, -1):
    x = x + 2 * i
```

$$f(n) \approx 4n$$

Tvrdenie	platí?
$f(n) \in O(\sqrt{n})$	✗
$f(n) \in \Omega(\sqrt{n})$	✓
$f(n) \in \Theta(\sqrt{n})$	✗

B

```
z = 0
x = 0
i = 1
while i <= n:
    z += 5
    x *= 2
    i *= 3
```

$f(n) \approx$

Tvrdenie	platí?
$f(n) \in O(5\sqrt{n})$	
$f(n) \in \Omega(5\sqrt{n})$	
$f(n) \in \Theta(5\sqrt{n})$	

B

```
z = 0
x = 0
i = 1
while i <= n:
    z += 5
    x *= 2
    i *= 3
```

$$f(n) \approx \log_3 n$$

Tvrdenie	platí?
$f(n) \in O(5\sqrt{n})$	
$f(n) \in \Omega(5\sqrt{n})$	
$f(n) \in \Theta(5\sqrt{n})$	

B

```
z = 0
x = 0
i = 1
while i <= n:
    z += 5
    x *= 2
    i *= 3
```

$$f(n) \approx \log_3 n$$

Tvrdenie	platí?
$f(n) \in O(5\sqrt{n})$	✓
$f(n) \in \Omega(5\sqrt{n})$	✗
$f(n) \in \Theta(5\sqrt{n})$	✗

C

```
y = 0
j = 1
while j*j <= n:
    y += 1
    j += 1
```

$f(n) \approx$

Tvrdenie	platí?
$f(n) \in O(n^{0.5} + \log n)$	
$f(n) \in \Omega(n^{0.5} + \log n)$	
$f(n) \in \Theta(n^{0.5} + \log n)$	

C

```
y = 0
j = 1
while j*j <= n:
    y += 1
    j += 1
```

$$f(n) \approx \sqrt{n}$$

Tvrdenie	platí?
$f(n) \in O(n^{0.5} + \log n)$	
$f(n) \in \Omega(n^{0.5} + \log n)$	
$f(n) \in \Theta(n^{0.5} + \log n)$	

C

```
y = 0
j = 1
while j*j <= n:
    y += 1
    j += 1
```

$$f(n) \approx \sqrt{n}$$

Tvrdenie	platí?
$f(n) \in O(n^{0.5} + \log n)$	✓
$f(n) \in \Omega(n^{0.5} + \log n)$	✓
$f(n) \in \Theta(n^{0.5} + \log n)$	✓

D

```
b = 0
i = n
for i in range(n, 0, -1):
    for j in range(0, i, 1):
        b += 5
```

$f(n) \approx$

Tvrdenie	platí?
$f(n) \in O(n^{1.98} + \sqrt{n})$	
$f(n) \in \Omega(n^{1.98} + \sqrt{n})$	
$f(n) \in \Theta(n^{1.98} + \sqrt{n})$	

D

```
b = 0
i = n
for i in range(n, 0, -1):
    for j in range(0, i, 1):
        b += 5
```

$$f(n) \approx n^2$$

Tvrdenie	platí?
$f(n) \in O(n^{1.98} + \sqrt{n})$	
$f(n) \in \Omega(n^{1.98} + \sqrt{n})$	
$f(n) \in \Theta(n^{1.98} + \sqrt{n})$	

D

```
b = 0
i = n
for i in range(n, 0, -1):
    for j in range(0, i, 1):
        b += 5
```

$$f(n) \approx n^2$$

Tvrdenie	platí?
$f(n) \in O(n^{1.98} + \sqrt{n})$	X
$f(n) \in \Omega(n^{1.98} + \sqrt{n})$	✓
$f(n) \in \Theta(n^{1.98} + \sqrt{n})$	X

E

```
y = 0
for j in range(0, 2*n + 1, 2):
    y += j
```

```
s = 0
for i in range(1, j + 1, 1):
    s += 1
```

$f(n) \approx$

Tvrdenie	platí?
$f(n) \in O(2n \log n)$	
$f(n) \in \Omega(2n \log n)$	
$f(n) \in \Theta(2n \log n)$	

E

```
y = 0
for j in range(0, 2*n + 1, 2):
    y += j
```

```
s = 0
for i in range(1, j + 1, 1):
    s += 1
```

$$f(n) \approx n$$

Tvrdenie	platí?
$f(n) \in O(2n \log n)$	
$f(n) \in \Omega(2n \log n)$	
$f(n) \in \Theta(2n \log n)$	

E

```
y = 0
for j in range(0, 2*n + 1, 2):
    y += j
```

```
s = 0
for i in range(1, j + 1, 1):
    s += 1
```

$$f(n) \approx n$$

Tvrdenie	platí?
$f(n) \in O(2n \log n)$	✓
$f(n) \in \Omega(2n \log n)$	✗
$f(n) \in \Theta(2n \log n)$	✗

F

```
b = 0
for i in range(1, n+1, 1):
    for j in range(1, (i*n)+1, 1):
        b += 5
```

$f(n) \approx$

Tvrdenie	platí?
$f(n) \in O(500\,000 \cdot n^{2.99})$	
$f(n) \in \Omega(500\,000 \cdot n^{2.99})$	
$f(n) \in \Theta(500\,000 \cdot n^{2.99})$	

F

```
b = 0
for i in range(1, n+1, 1):
    for j in range(1, (i*n)+1, 1):
        b += 5
```

$$f(n) \approx n^3$$

Tvrdenie	platí?
$f(n) \in O(500\,000 \cdot n^{2.99})$	
$f(n) \in \Omega(500\,000 \cdot n^{2.99})$	
$f(n) \in \Theta(500\,000 \cdot n^{2.99})$	

F

```
b = 0
for i in range(1, n+1, 1):
    for j in range(1, (i*n)+1, 1):
        b += 5
```

$$f(n) \approx n^3$$

Tvrdenie	platí?
$f(n) \in O(500\,000 \cdot n^{2.99})$	✗
$f(n) \in \Omega(500\,000 \cdot n^{2.99})$	✓
$f(n) \in \Theta(500\,000 \cdot n^{2.99})$	✗

G

```
x = 0
i = 1
while i <= n:
    if i % 2 != 0:
        for j in range(0, i, 1):
            x += 1
    i *= 3
```

$f(n) \approx$

Tvrdenie	platí?
$f(n) \in O(n! + n^{200})$	
$f(n) \in \Omega(n! + n^{200})$	
$f(n) \in \Theta(n! + n^{200})$	

G

```
x = 0
i = 1
while i <= n:
    if i % 2 != 0:
        for j in range(0, i, 1):
            x += 1
    i *= 3
```

$$f(n) \approx n$$

Tvrdenie	platí?
$f(n) \in O(n! + n^{200})$	
$f(n) \in \Omega(n! + n^{200})$	
$f(n) \in \Theta(n! + n^{200})$	

G

```
x = 0
i = 1
while i <= n:
    if i % 2 != 0:
        for j in range(0, i, 1):
            x += 1
    i *= 3
```

$$f(n) \approx n$$

Tvrdenie	platí?
$f(n) \in O(n! + n^{200})$	✓
$f(n) \in \Omega(n! + n^{200})$	✗
$f(n) \in \Theta(n! + n^{200})$	✗

H

```
t = 0
for i in range(1, n+1, 1):
    j = 0
    while j*j < 4*n:
        k = 1
        while k*k <= 9*n:
            t += 1
            k += 1
        j += 1
```

$f(n) \approx$

Tvrdenie	platí?
$f(n) \in O(n \cdot \log n)$	
$f(n) \in \Omega(n \cdot \log n)$	
$f(n) \in \Theta(n \cdot \log n)$	

H

```
t = 0
for i in range(1, n+1, 1):
    j = 0
    while j*j < 4*n:
        k = 1
        while k*k <= 9*n:
            t += 1
            k += 1
        j += 1
```

$$f(n) \approx n^2$$

Tvrdenie	platí?
$f(n) \in O(n \cdot \log n)$	
$f(n) \in \Omega(n \cdot \log n)$	
$f(n) \in \Theta(n \cdot \log n)$	

H

```
t = 0
for i in range(1, n+1, 1):
    j = 0
    while j*j < 4*n:
        k = 1
        while k*k <= 9*n:
            t += 1
            k += 1
        j += 1
```

$$f(n) \approx n^2$$

Tvrdenie	platí?
$f(n) \in O(n \cdot \log n)$	✗
$f(n) \in \Omega(n \cdot \log n)$	✓
$f(n) \in \Theta(n \cdot \log n)$	✗


```

a = 0
k = n*n
while k > 1:
    for j in range(0, n*n, 1):
        a += 1
    k /= 2

```

$f(n) \approx$

Tvrdenie	platí?
$f(n) \in O(n^{2.00000001} + \log n)$	
$f(n) \in \Omega(n^{2.00000001} + \log n)$	
$f(n) \in \Theta(n^{2.00000001} + \log n)$	

```

a = 0
k = n*n
while k > 1:
    for j in range(0, n*n, 1):
        a += 1
    k /= 2

```

$$f(n) \approx n^2 \cdot \log n$$

Tvrdenie	platí?
$f(n) \in O(n^{2.00000001} + \log n)$	
$f(n) \in \Omega(n^{2.00000001} + \log n)$	
$f(n) \in \Theta(n^{2.00000001} + \log n)$	

```

a = 0
k = n*n
while k > 1:
    for j in range(0, n*n, 1):
        a += 1
    k /= 2

```

$$f(n) \approx n^2 \cdot \log n$$

Tvrdenie	platí?
$f(n) \in O(n^{2.00000001} + \log n)$	✓
$f(n) \in \Omega(n^{2.00000001} + \log n)$	✗
$f(n) \in \Theta(n^{2.00000001} + \log n)$	✗

J

```
i = 0
j = 0
y = 0
s = 0
for j in range(1, n+1, 1):
    y += j
    for i in range(1, y+1, 1):
        s += 1
```

J

```
i = 0
j = 0
y = 0
s = 0
for j in range(1, n+1, 1):
    y += j
    for i in range(1, y+1, 1):
        s += 1
```

$$f(n) \approx n^3$$

Tvrdenie	platí?
$f(n) \in O(n^{2.500001} \cdot \sqrt{n})$	
$f(n) \in \Omega(n^{2.500001} \cdot \sqrt{n})$	
$f(n) \in \Theta(n^{2.500001} \cdot \sqrt{n})$	

J

```

i = 0
j = 0
y = 0
s = 0
for j in range(1, n+1, 1):
    y += j
    for i in range(1, y+1, 1):
        s += 1

```

$$f(n) \approx n^3$$

Tvrdenie	platí?
$f(n) \in O(n^{2.500001} \cdot \sqrt{n})$	✓
$f(n) \in \Omega(n^{2.500001} \cdot \sqrt{n})$	✗
$f(n) \in \Theta(n^{2.500001} \cdot \sqrt{n})$	✗

K

```
i = 1
z = 0
while z < n*(n+1)/2:
    z += i
    i += 1
```

$f(n) \approx$

Tvrdenie	platí?
$f(n) \in O(\sqrt{n})$	
$f(n) \in \Omega(\sqrt{n})$	
$f(n) \in \Theta(\sqrt{n})$	

K

```
i = 1
z = 0
while z < n*(n+1)/2:
    z += i
    i += 1
```

$$f(n) \approx n$$

Tvrdenie	platí?
$f(n) \in O(\sqrt{n})$	
$f(n) \in \Omega(\sqrt{n})$	
$f(n) \in \Theta(\sqrt{n})$	

K

```
i = 1
z = 0
while z < n*(n+1)/2:
    z += i
    i += 1
```

$$f(n) \approx n$$

Tvrdenie	platí?
$f(n) \in O(\sqrt{n})$	X
$f(n) \in \Omega(\sqrt{n})$	✓
$f(n) \in \Theta(\sqrt{n})$	X

```
a = 0
k = n*n*n
while k > 1:
    for j in range(0, k, 1):
        a -= 1
    k /= 2
```

$f(n) \approx$

Tvrdenie	platí?
$f(n) \in O(n^2 \cdot n \log n)$	
$f(n) \in \Omega(n^2 \cdot n \log n)$	
$f(n) \in \Theta(n^2 \cdot n \log n)$	

```
a = 0
k = n*n*n
while k > 1:
    for j in range(0, k, 1):
        a -= 1
    k /= 2
```

$$f(n) \approx n^3$$

Tvrdenie	platí?
$f(n) \in O(n^2 \cdot n \log n)$	
$f(n) \in \Omega(n^2 \cdot n \log n)$	
$f(n) \in \Theta(n^2 \cdot n \log n)$	

```
a = 0
k = n*n*n
while k > 1:
    for j in range(0, k, 1):
        a -= 1
    k /= 2
```

$$f(n) \approx n^3$$

Tvrdenie	platí?
$f(n) \in O(n^2 \cdot n \log n)$	✓
$f(n) \in \Omega(n^2 \cdot n \log n)$	✗
$f(n) \in \Theta(n^2 \cdot n \log n)$	✗

M

```
for i in range(1, n, 1):  
    j = 0  
    while j < n:  
        x += 1  
        j += i
```

$f(n) \approx$

Tvrdenie	platí?
$f(n) \in O(n^{1.1})$	
$f(n) \in \Omega(n^{1.1})$	
$f(n) \in \Theta(n^{1.1})$	

M

```
for i in range(1, n, 1):  
    j = 0  
    while j < n:  
        x += 1  
        j += i
```

$$f(n) \approx n \log n$$

Tvrdenie	platí?
$f(n) \in O(n^{1.1})$	
$f(n) \in \Omega(n^{1.1})$	
$f(n) \in \Theta(n^{1.1})$	

M

```
for i in range(1, n, 1):  
    j = 0  
    while j < n:  
        x += 1  
        j += i
```

$$f(n) \approx n \log n$$

Tvrdenie	platí?
$f(n) \in O(n^{1.1})$	✓
$f(n) \in \Omega(n^{1.1})$	✗
$f(n) \in \Theta(n^{1.1})$	✗

N - KMP

```
m = n // 20 # kmp preparation
```

```
A, B = "A"*n, "A"*m + "$"
```

```
kmp = [0] + list(range(m)) # kmp[0] = 0, kmp[i] < i
```


N - KMP

```
m = n // 20 # kmp preparation
```

```
A, B = "A"*n, "A"*m + "$"
```

```
kmp = [0] + list(range(m)) # kmp[0] = 0, kmp[i] < i
```

```
cur = 0
```

```
for i in range(n):
```

```
    while cur != 0 and A[i] != B[cur]:
```

```
        cur = kmp[cur]
```

```
    if A[i] == B[cur]:
```

```
        cur += 1
```

$f(n) \approx$

Tvrdenie	platí?
$f(n) \in O(\sqrt{n} \cdot \sqrt{n})$	
$f(n) \in \Omega(\sqrt{n} \cdot \sqrt{n})$	
$f(n) \in \Theta(\sqrt{n} \cdot \sqrt{n})$	

N - KMP

```
m = n // 20 # kmp preparation
```

```
A, B = "A"*n, "A"*m + "$"
```

```
kmp = [0] + list(range(m)) # kmp[0] = 0, kmp[i] < i
```

```
cur = 0
```

```
for i in range(n):
```

```
    while cur != 0 and A[i] != B[cur]:
```

```
        cur = kmp[cur]
```

```
    if A[i] == B[cur]:
```

```
        cur += 1
```

$f(n) \approx n$

Tvrdenie	platí?
$f(n) \in O(\sqrt{n} \cdot \sqrt{n})$	
$f(n) \in \Omega(\sqrt{n} \cdot \sqrt{n})$	
$f(n) \in \Theta(\sqrt{n} \cdot \sqrt{n})$	

N - KMP

```
m = n // 20 # kmp preparation
```

```
A, B = "A"*n, "A"*m + "$"
```

```
kmp = [0] + list(range(m)) # kmp[0] = 0, kmp[i] < i
```

```
cur = 0
```

```
for i in range(n):
```

```
    while cur != 0 and A[i] != B[cur]:
```

```
        cur = kmp[cur]
```

```
    if A[i] == B[cur]:
```

```
        cur += 1
```

$$f(n) \approx n$$

Tvrdenie	platí?
$f(n) \in O(\sqrt{n} \cdot \sqrt{n})$	✓
$f(n) \in \Omega(\sqrt{n} \cdot \sqrt{n})$	✓
$f(n) \in \Theta(\sqrt{n} \cdot \sqrt{n})$	✓

0

nech $p = [a_1, a_2, a_3, \dots, a_n]$ | a_i je integer
`sort(p)`

$f(n) \in O(\quad)$

0

nech $p = [a_1, a_2, a_3, \dots, a_n]$ | a_i je integer
sort(p)

$f(n) \in O(n \log n)$

nech $p = [a_1, a_2, a_3, \dots, a_n]$ | a_i je integer
 $\min(p)$

$$f(n) \in O()$$

nech $p = [a_1, a_2, a_3, \dots, a_n]$ | a_i je integer
 $\min(p)$

$$f(n) \in O(n)$$

R

```
i = 0
nech p = [a1, a2, a3, .... an] | ai je integer
if 5 in p:
    i += 1
```

$f(n) \in O()$

R

```
i = 0
nech p = [a1, a2, a3, .... an] | ai je integer
if 5 in p:
    i += 1
```

$$f(n) \in O(n)$$

```
i = 0
```

```
nech s = "... " je nejaký ret'azec dlhý m znakov
```

```
if "x" in s:
```

```
    i = s + s
```

$f(n) \in O()$

```
i = 0
```

```
nech s = "... " je nějaký ret'azec dlouhý m znakov
```

```
if "x" in s:
```


```
    i = s + s
```

$$f(n) \in O(m)$$

Ponaučenie

1 riadok \neq 1 elementárna operácia

Zložitosti operácií nájdete v dokumentácii. Napr. pre list v Pythone:

Operation	Average Case	 Amortized Worst Case
Copy	$O(n)$	$O(n)$
Append[1]	$O(1)$	$O(1)$
Pop last	$O(1)$	$O(1)$
Pop intermediate[2]	$O(n)$	$O(n)$
Insert	$O(n)$	$O(n)$
Get Item	$O(1)$	$O(1)$
Set Item	$O(1)$	$O(1)$
Delete Item	$O(n)$	$O(n)$
Iteration	$O(n)$	$O(n)$
Get Slice	$O(k)$	$O(k)$
Del Slice	$O(n)$	$O(n)$
Set Slice	$O(k+n)$	$O(k+n)$
Extend[1]	$O(k)$	$O(k)$
 Sort	$O(n \log n)$	$O(n \log n)$
Multiply	$O(nk)$	$O(nk)$
x in s	$O(n)$	
min(s), max(s)	$O(n)$	
Get Length	$O(1)$	$O(1)$

Zorad'te funkcie

$47n^3$	$42n$	$23n^2 + 4n + 3$	$0.0001n^2$	2^n
3^n	$n^{200} \cdot 1.99^n$	n^n	$2^{\ln n}$	$n!$
$\ln n$	$\ln(n^{100})$	$\ln n!$	$\ln n^n$	$n \cdot \ln n$
$n \cdot (\ln n)^2$	$(n+1)!$			

Riešenie

1. $\ln n$; $\ln (n^{100})$
2. $42n$; $2^{\ln n} (= n^{\ln 2} = n)$
3. $\ln n!$
4. $n \cdot \ln n$; $\ln n^n$
5. $n \cdot (\ln n)^2$
6. $0.0001n^2$; $23n^2 + 4n + 3$
7. $47n^3$
8. $n^{200} \cdot 1.99^n$; 2^n ; 3^n
9. $n!$
10. $(n + 1)!$
11. n^n